- 1709-10-11. Canada invaded by the English. Port Royal (Annapolis) taken by Nichol-son (1710). Sir H. Walker's fleet partly destroyed. One thousand lives lost.
- 1713. Treaty of Utrecht, by which Hudson Bay and adjacent territory, Nova Scotia (Acadie) and Newfoundland were ceded to the English. Louisburg founded by French from Newfoundland.
- 1719. First Government founded by the English in Nova Scotia.
- 1720. Population of New France, 24,434, and of St. John's Island (Prince Edward Island) about 100. Fort Louisburg built. Governor and Council appointed for Nova Scotia.
- 1721. January 27. Mail stages established between Quebec and Montreal. About onehalf Montreal destroyed by fire. Coal shipped from Cape Breton.
- 1722. Division of settled country in Canada into Parishes.
- 1733. First forge erected in Canada-at St. Maurice.
- 1737. Iron smelted at the St. Maurice forges.

- 1738. Grey Nunnery, Montreal, founded.
 1739. Population of New France, 42,701.
 1745. Louisbourg, Cape Breton, taken by the English.
 1747. Militia rolls drawn up for Canada. Courts of Justice constituted in Nova Scotia.
 1748. Restoration of Louisbourg to the French in exchange for Madras, by the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle. 1749. June 21. The city of Halifax founded by Lord Halifax ; 2,544 British emigrants
- brought out by the Hon. Edward Cornwallis. Two English school teachers arrived in Nova Scotia and began operations. 1751. Rocky Mountains discovered by Niverville's Expedition.
- 1752. March 23. Issue of the Halifax Gazette, the first paper published in Canada. 1755. Expulsion of the Acadians from Nova Scotia. About 3,000 were deported at the request of the New England colonists.
- 1758. First meeting of Nova Scotian Legislature, representative institutions having been granted.
 - July 26. Final capture of Louisbourg by the English under General Amherst.
- 1759, July 26. Capture of Fort Niagara by the English under General Prideaux, who was killed during the assault.

 - July 25. Commencement of the siege of Quebec. September 12. Battle of the Plains of Abraham and defeat of the French by General Wolfe, who was killed on the field. Loss of the English, 700, and of the French, 1,500.
 - September 13. Death of General Montcalm, commander of the French forces.
 - September 18. Capitulation of Quebec to General Townsend.
- 1760. Unsuccessful attack on Quebec by General de Levis. Capitulation of Montreal (Sept. 8th) and completion of the conquest of Canada. Population of New
- France, 70,000. 1762. British population of Nova Scotia, 8,104. First English settlement in New Bruns-wick.
- February 10. Treaty of Paris signed, by which France ceded and guaranteed to His Britannic Majesty in full right "Canada with all its dependencies." Cape Breton annexed to Nova Scotia. Labrador annexed to Newfoundland. 1763. February 10.
- 1764. June 21. Issue of the Quebec Gazette. In this year Pontiac, Chief of the Ottawas, organized a conspiracy for a sinultaneous rising among the Indian tribes, and a general massacre of the British. The plan was successfully carried out in several places and all the inhabitants put to death, but finally the Indians were forced to succumb.
- 1765. Sunbury County set apart by Executive Council of Nova Scotia-being the first organized county in New Brunswick. The first printed book published in Quebec Catéchisme du diocèse de Lévis.
- 1766. Peace with Pontiac.
- 1768. General Carleton, afterwards Lord Dorchester, appointed Governor General. Char-lottetown, P. E. Island, founded.
- 1769 St. John's Island (Prince Edward Island) made into a separate province, with Walter Patterson for the first Governor. The first meeting of an elected House of Assembly took place in July, 1773.
- 1774. The "Quebec Act" passed. This Act gave the French Canadians the free exercise of the Roman Catholic religion, the enjoyment of their civil rights, and the protection of their own civil laws and customs. It annexed large territories to the province of Quebec, and provided for the appointment by the Crown of a Legislative Council, and for the administration of the criminal law as in use in England. Labrador transferred to Canada.
- 1775. Outbreak of the American Revolution and invasion of Canada by the Americans; every place of importance rapidly fell into their hands, with the exception of Quebec, in an attack upon which General Montgomery was defeated and killed on 31st December.